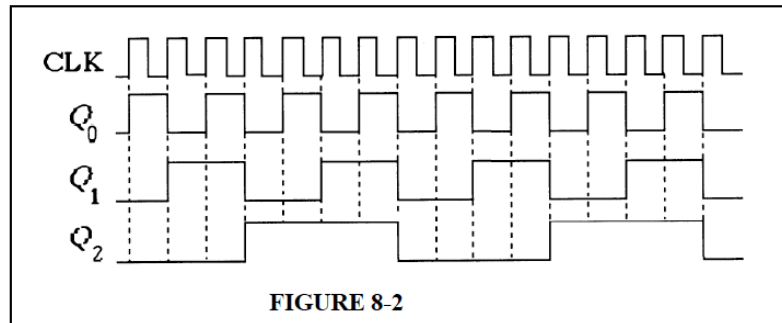


## Solutions to Problem Set # 7

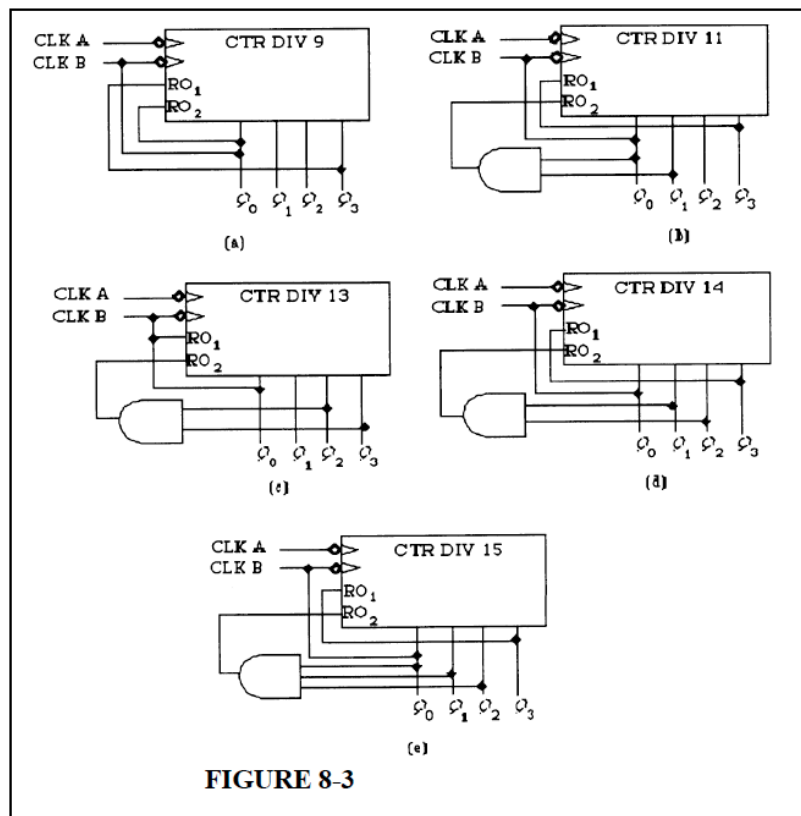
### Notice

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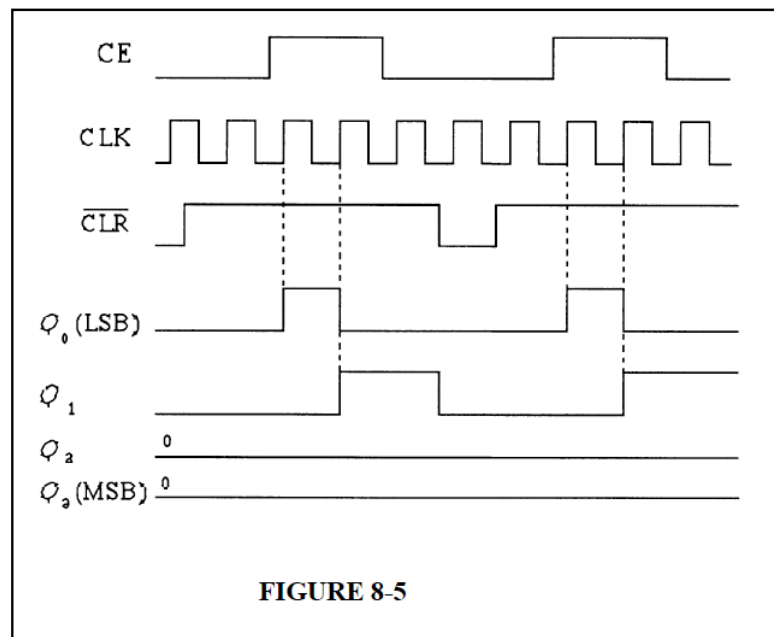
2. See Figure 8-2.



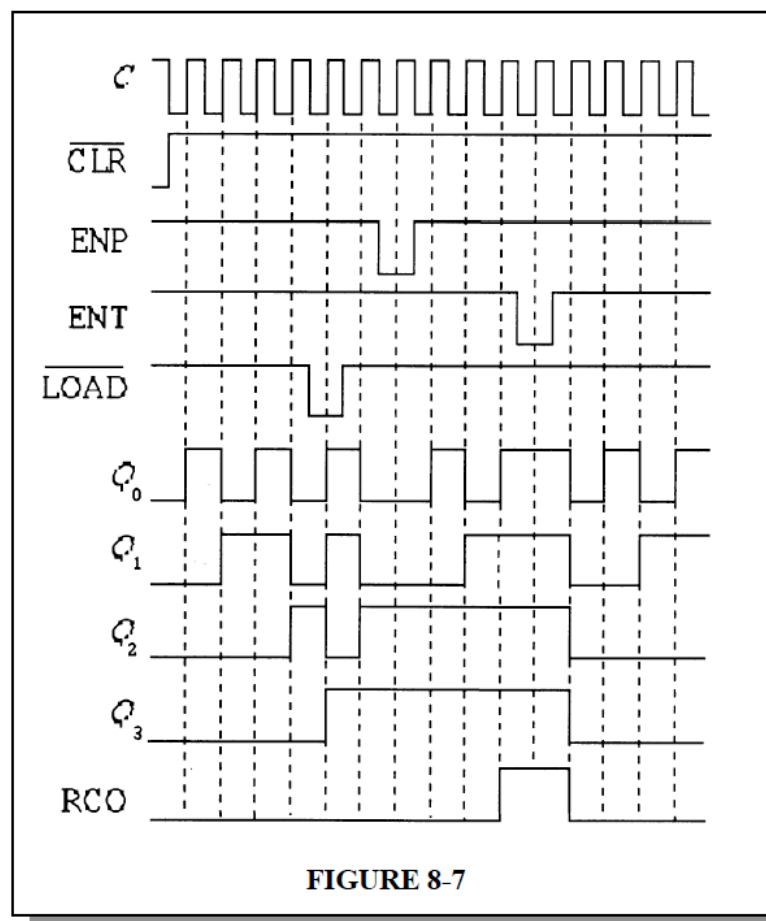
4. See Figure 8-3.



8. See Figure 8-5.



10. See Figure 8-7.



# 18. NEXT-STATE TABLE

Present State		Next State	
$Q_1$	$Q_0$	$Q_1$	$Q_0$
0	0	1	0
1	0	0	1
0	1	1	1
1	1	0	0

## TRANSITION TABLE

Output State Transitions (Present state to next state)		Flip-Flop Inputs			
$Q_1$	$Q_0$	$J_1$	$K_1$	$J_0$	$K_0$
0 to 1	0 to 0	1	X	0	X
1 to 0	0 to 1	X	1	1	X
0 to 1	1 to 1	1	X	X	0
1 to 0	1 to 0	X	1	X	1

See Figure 8-13.

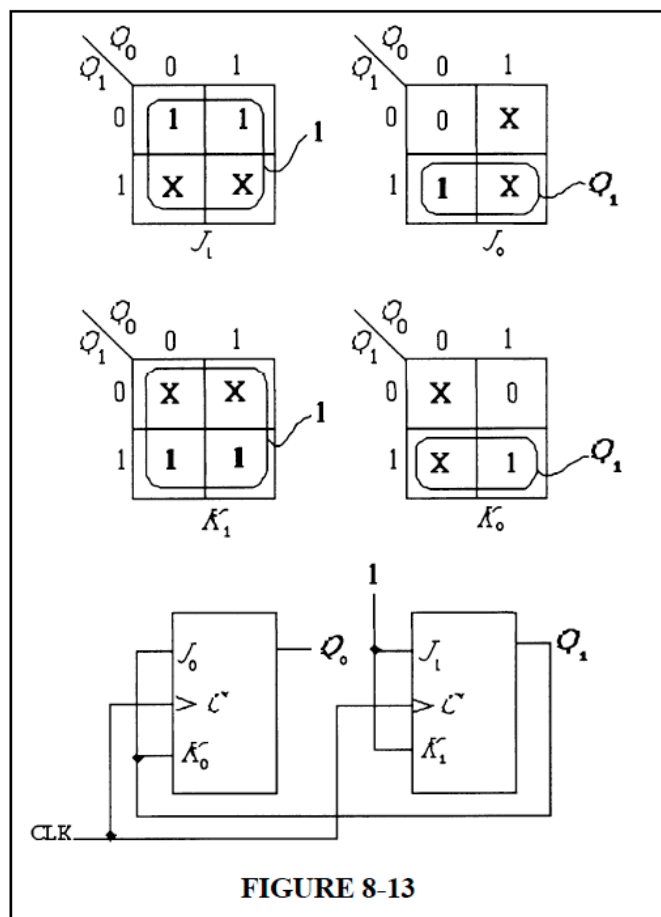


FIGURE 8-13

## 20. NEXT-STATE TABLE

Present State				Next State			
$Q_3$	$Q_2$	$Q_1$	$Q_0$	$Q_3$	$Q_2$	$Q_1$	$Q_0$
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1
0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0

## TRANSITION TABLE

Output State Transition (Present State to next state)				Flip-flop Inputs							
$Q_3$	$Q_2$	$Q_1$	$Q_0$	$J_3$	$K_3$	$J_2$	$K_2$	$J_1$	$K_1$	$J_0$	$K_0$
0 to 1	0 to 0	0 to 0	0 to 1	1	X	0	X	0	X	1	X
1 to 0	0 to 0	0 to 0	0 to 1	X	1	0	X	0	X	X	0
0 to 1	0 to 0	0 to 0	1 to 0	1	X	0	X	0	X	X	1
1 to 0	0 to 0	0 to 1	0 to 0	X	1	0	X	1	X	0	X
0 to 0	0 to 1	1 to 1	0 to 1	0	X	1	X	X	0	1	X
0 to 0	1 to 0	1 to 1	1 to 1	0	X	X	1	X	0	X	0
0 to 0	0 to 1	1 to 1	1 to 0	0	X	1	X	X	0	X	1
0 to 0	1 to 1	1 to 0	0 to 0	0	X	X	0	X	1	0	X
0 to 0	1 to 1	0 to 0	0 to 1	0	X	X	0	0	X	1	X
0 to 0	1 to 0	0 to 0	1 to 0	0	X	X	1	0	X	X	1

Binary states for 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 are unallowed and can be represented by don't cares.

See Figure 8-15. Counter implementation is straightforward from input expressions.

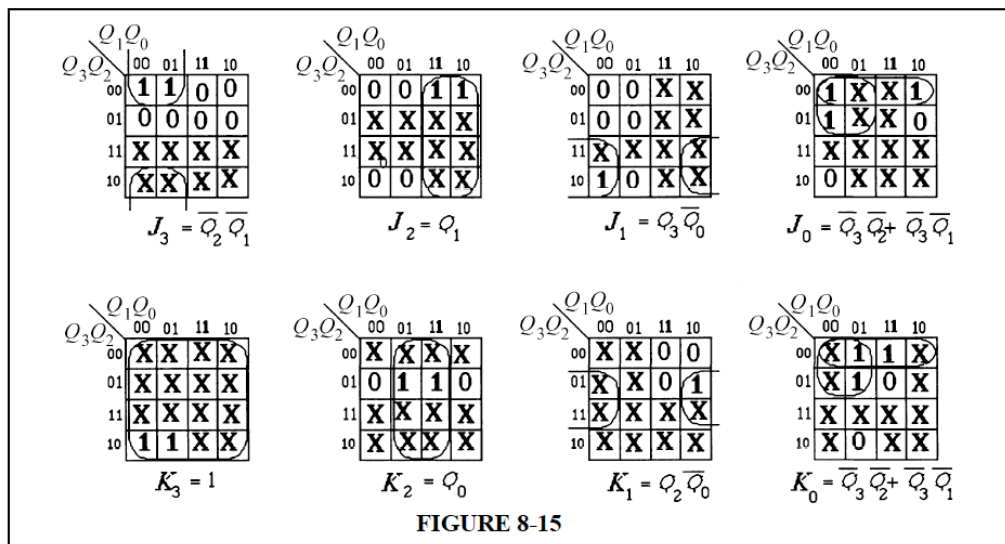


FIGURE 8-15

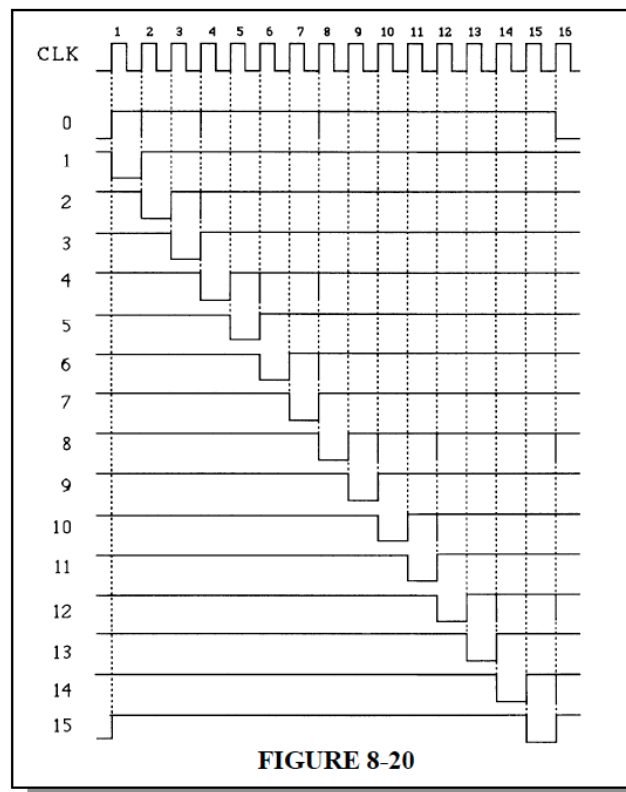
22. (a) Modulus =  $4 \times 8 \times 2 = 64$

$$f_1 = \frac{1 \text{ kHz}}{4} = 250 \text{ Hz}$$

$$f_2 = \frac{250 \text{ Hz}}{8} = 31.25 \text{ Hz}$$

$$f_3 = \frac{31.25 \text{ Hz}}{2} = 15.625 \text{ Hz}$$

26. See Figure 8-20.



30. ① There is a possibility of a glitch on decode 2 at the positive-going edge of CLK 4 if the propagation delay of FF0 is less than FF1 or FF2.
- ② There is a possibility of a glitch on decode 7 at the positive-going edge of CLK 4 if the propagation delay of FF2 is less than FF0 and FF1.
- ③ There is a possibility of a glitch on decode 7 at the positive-going edge of CLK 6 if the propagation delay of FF1 is less than FF0.

See the timing diagram in Figure 8-23 which is expanded to show the delays.

Any glitches can be prevented by using CLK as an input to both decode gates.

